SUPREME COURT OF NEW JERSEY Disciplinary Review Board Docket No. DRB 01-283

IN THE MATTER OF

PATRICIA ADELLE

AN ATTORNEY AT LAW

Decision [Default <u>R</u>.1:20-4(f)]

Decided: October 16, 2001

To the Honorable Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of New Jersey.

Pursuant to <u>R</u>.1:20-4(f)(1), the District XI Ethics Committee ("DEC") certified the record in this matter directly to us for the imposition of discipline following respondent's failure to file an answer to the formal ethics complaint.

On May 16, 2001, the DEC forwarded a copy of the complaint to respondent by certified and regular mail. The certified mail was returned stamped "unclaimed." The regular mail was not returned. When respondent did not file an answer, on June 13, 2001 the DEC forwarded a second letter to her, seeking a reply within five days. The certified mail receipt, dated June 18, 2001, indicates receipt by "P. Adelle." The regular mail was not

returned. When respondent did not file an answer, the record was certified directly to us for the imposition of discipline, pursuant to \underline{R} .1:20-4(f).

Respondent was admitted to the New Jersey bar in 1993. She maintains a law office in Pompton Plains, New Jersey. She has no history of discipline.

:

The two-count complaint charged respondent with violations of <u>RPC</u> 1.3 (lack of diligence) and <u>RPC</u> 1.4, presumably section (a) (failure to communicate with client) (count one) and <u>RPC</u> 8.1(b) (failure to respond to a lawful demand for information from a disciplinary authority), cited in the complaint as <u>R</u>.1:20-3(g)(3) (count two).

According to the complaint, Barbara Durget retained respondent to represent her in a collection suit filed by her former landlord. Schedule D to the certification of the record shows that, when Durget retained respondent, she gave her \$250 of an \$800 fee. Respondent informed Durget that she would file a motion to dismiss the matter using the statute of limitations as a defense to the landlord's claim. Respondent never filed any pleadings, never wrote to the landlord's attorney and failed to have the matter dismissed.

Durget attempted to contact respondent on several occasions by letter and in person. Respondent did not reply to any of Durget's communications. According to the complaint, respondent failed to communicate with Durget after she realized that the advice she had given Durget was wrong. As a result of respondent's inaction, a judgment was entered against Durget in the amount of \$1,888.79. Eventually, Durget paid the judgment in full. Respondent was charged with failure to act with diligence and promptness and failure to keep her client informed about the status of her matter.

The second count alleged that respondent's failure to reply to the DEC investigator's letters and telephone calls violated <u>RPC</u> 8.1(b).

:

* * *

Service of process was proper. Therefore, the matter may proceed as a default. Pursuant to <u>R</u>.1:20-4(f)(1), the allegations of the complaint are deemed admitted.

The complaint supports a finding that respondent violated <u>RPC</u> 1.3 and <u>RPC</u> 1.4(a). Respondent failed to notify Durget that she was mistaken in her analysis of Durget's case. After accepting partial payment of the retainer, she took no further action in Durget's matter and failed to advise her as to the status of the matter.

In addition, respondent's failure to reply to the DEC's requests for information violated <u>RPC</u> 8.1(b).

Typically, in similar cases involving only one client, admonitions have been imposed. <u>See In the Matter of Gerald A. Nunan</u>, Docket No. DRB 98-263 (October 20, 1998) (admonition for violations of <u>RPC</u> 1.1(a), <u>RPC</u> 1.3, <u>RPC</u> 1.4(a), <u>RPC</u> 8.4(a) (violating the <u>Rules of Professional Conduct</u>) and <u>RPC</u> 8.1(b) and <u>In the Matter of Larry J. McClure</u>, Docket No. DRB 98-430 (February 22, 1999) (admonition for violations of <u>RPC</u> 1.1(a),

3

<u>RPC</u> 1.3, <u>RPC</u> 1.4(a), <u>RPC</u> 1.5 (failure to provide written retainer) and <u>RPC</u> 8.1(b)). However, where the attorney has defaulted in the ethics proceeding, a reprimand is generally appropriate. <u>In re Wood</u>, 165 <u>N.J.</u> 564 (2000) (reprimand in default case for lack of diligence and failure to communicate with client; attorney had prior admonition); <u>In re Mandel</u>, 162 <u>N.J.</u> 100 (1999) (reprimand in a default case for gross neglect, failure to communicate with client, failure to turn over files to new counsel and failure to cooperate with disciplinary authorities); <u>In re Lampidis</u>, 153 <u>N.J.</u> 367 (1998) and <u>In re Gruber</u>, 152 <u>N.J.</u> 451 (1998) (reprimands in default cases involving gross neglect, lack of diligence and failure to cooperate with disciplinary authorities). Because of the default posture of this matter, we unanimously determined to impose a reprimand. Two members did not participate.

We further determined to require respondent to reimburse the Disciplinary Oversight Committee for administrative costs.

Dated: Mt (200)

By: RC

1. R

ROCKY L. PETERSON Chair Disciplinary Review Board

SUPREME COURT OF NEW JERSEY

DISCIPLINARY REVIEW BOARD VOTING RECORD

In the Matter of Patricia Adelle Docket No. DRB 01-283

Decided: October 16, 2001

Disposition: reprimand

Members	Disbar	Three-month suspension	Reprimand	Admonition	Dismiss	Disqualified	Did not participate
Peterson			x				
Maudsley			x				
Boylan			x				
Brody			x				
Lolla			X				
O'Shaughnessy							X
Pashman			X				
Schwartz							x
Wissinger			X				
Total:			7				2

up=m. Hill 11/27/01

Robyn M. **#**ill Chief Counsel